

Topic

In the tale *The Tortoise and the Hare*, two animals challenge each other to a race to prove who is the fastest. Mid-race, the hare lies down to rest, certain that it will win. The tortoise, though slow, never gives up and crosses the finishing line ahead of the hare. Slow and steady wins the race, as the message of the story goes.

- Re-write this story.
- Use the same characters but imagine that the tortoise and the hare team up to race against other contestants.
- Express a message through the telling of the story.
- Give your story a title.



Writing topic taken from Paper 2 of the 2019 HKDSE English Language Examination © HKEAA

# Different Ways to Describe Actions

Use these **three** strategies in combination to enliven the character(s) in action.

## 2. Use **Adverbs** to describe actions

Add **adverbs** to the underlined action verbs to describe the mood of the characters and the manner of the actions.

The obstacle race was a tough one – all the tougher for a slow and small tortoise! While the hare could jump over the log hurdle, the tortoise could only crawl under it and had to be lifted by the hare. When they came to the monkey bars, the tortoise frowned and sighed as he knew he could never get through. The hare said to his partner, "Get onto my back!" Then, he moved across the bars, making sure that the tortoise wouldn't fall off. After climbing the monkey bars, the hare was panting.

**MOOD:** excitedly, warmly, confidently, eagerly, seriously, furiously, worriedly, hopelessly, thankfully, impatiently, reluctantly, wearily  
**MANNER:** effortlessly, strenuously, breathlessly, swiftly, slowly, softly, loudly, gently, hard, abruptly

## 3. Use **Prepositional phrases** to describe actions

Add **prepositional phrases** to the underlined action verbs to provide further details about the feelings of the characters and the manner of the actions.

When the finish line was in sight, the hare and the tortoise could hear the crowd squealing. The cheering was heartening and the hare and the tortoise pressed ahead. When they finally crossed the finish line, the tortoise couldn't believe his eyes. He asked the hare, "Am I daydreaming? Have we won the race?" The hare answered, "Of course, we have!" They then hugged each other and capered.

**WITH** fear, joy, sadness, delight, pride, excitement, respect, gratitude, disappointment, relief, hesitation, ease, difficulty, all might, certainty  
**IN** anger, surprise, dismay, frustration, shock, regret, pain, grief, terror, doubt  
**OUT OF** curiosity, jealousy, spite, fear, guilt

## 1. Use **vivid verbs** to add flavour & express more ideas in fewer words

Replace the underlined words below with **vivid verbs**

The hare saw a noisy crowd gathering around the tree. He went quickly to the tree to find out what was going on. The animals were talking excitedly about the poster on the trunk. He read carefully the words on the poster and learnt that an obstacle pair race would be held soon. The hare said softly to himself, "I must find the best partner and win the grand prize!" He looked steadily at the wide blue sky and started thinking deeply about who to team up with.